

Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund

Annual Report March 31, 2025



This report is submitted for the general information of shareholders of the Fund. It is not authorized for distribution unless preceded or accompanied by a current prospectus for the Fund.



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For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund ("PMPEX" or "the Fund") generated a total net return 8.5%. The Fund's benchmark, the MSCI All Country World Index Net ("MSCI ACWI" or "the Benchmark"), returned 7.2% during this same period. Since inception, the annualized return for PMPEX has been 10.1%, versus 9.6% for the Benchmark, as of March 31, 2025. Over the last 12 months, PMPEX had a lower standard deviation than the Benchmark, and thus, continued to show lower price volatility risk compared to the Benchmark.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the net asset value ("NAV") of PMPEX increased by approximately 63% from \$186.2 million to \$300.7 million. The vast majority of this increase can be attributed to shareholder inflows (\$115.2 million) with the remainder of the NAV increase driven by the increase in the value of the portfolio's assets. Over the fiscal year, direct investments in portfolio companies were significant positive contributors to the performance of the Fund's portfolio, in addition to a small relative contribution from cash holdings. Public equity securities detracted from absolute performance mainly due to negative performance in the first quarter of 2025. While still early in the development of the portfolio (the average age of portfolio company investments was only 1.9 years as of March 31, 2025) many direct investments have experienced valuation increases in the past year, highlighted by 13 of a total of 24 direct investments which each generated returns of at least 10% since investment/over the past fiscal year. Only one of these investments had a meaningful write down of approximately 6% during the 12 months ended March 31, 2025. We continue to see long-term promise in the Fund's holdings, including investments in third-party funds ("Portfolio Funds"), direct investments, and common stock of private equity companies.

As of March 31, 2025, the Fund's portfolio consisted of 24 direct co-investments (including several follow-on investments), 4 Portfolio Fund investments, and 11 publicly traded private equity companies. Co-investments accounted for approximately 59% of the Fund's total net asset value. The direct investments in the portfolio have been made with 19 different private equity sponsors across five sectors and a diverse set of sub-sectors. Four of the 24 direct investments are headquartered outside of the United States and account for 6% of the portfolio's net asset value attributable to direct investments. Over the 12 months ended March 31, 2025, the Fund has completed five new private equity direct investments (which include three new private equity sponsors) and two large follow-on investments.

The Fund continues to pursue direct investment opportunities alongside private equity sponsors in control buyout transactions of middle market businesses across North America and Western Europe. We seek to invest in companies that we believe have compelling value creation opportunities, have achieved significant market presence characterized by value-added services or proprietary products, and have sustainable franchises with a history of predictable cash flows. We anticipate that transactions will typically have what we consider to be modest leverage and disciplined pricing. Meketa seeks to invest alongside "high conviction" investment managers in deals that align with the investment manager's core strategy. Overall, Meketa seeks to create a direct investment portfolio of co-investments that is diversified by vintage, sponsor, and industry.

Market Commentary

Second Quarter 2024

The second quarter of calendar year 2024 began with the notion of rates staying "higher for longer" given continued, resilient economic data. Stronger than expected inflation and employment data in the US weighed on both stocks and bonds in April. However, by May and June, sentiment changed as the Federal Reserve confirmed it was unlikely to increase interest rates and economic data started largely coming in below expectations. Headline year-over-year inflation in the US fell 0.5% over the second quarter to 3.0% with several readings coming in below expectations. The Core Consumer Price Index (CPI) also fell 0.5% in the quarter, finishing at 3.3%. Outside the US, inflation continued to decline in many developed markets, enough so that central banks in Canada, Sweden, Switzerland, and the EU all cut interest rates in the second quarter of calendar year 2024.



Among equity asset classes, US markets (as measured by the Russell 3000 Index) rose 3.2% in the second quarter of calendar year 2024. Large capitalization technology companies performed well, driven by continued excitement over artificial intelligence. Enthusiasm surrounding artificial intelligence also benefited utilities, although to a lesser extent, with the market recognizing the massive computing power and energy needed to incorporate these technologies into many facets of everyday life. Non-US developed equity markets (as measured by the MSCI EAFE Index) decreased 0.4% in the second quarter of calendar year 2024. Strength in the US dollar drove the weaker relative results for US investors with returns in local currency terms (as measured by the MSCI EAFE Index Local) 1.4% higher (+1.0% versus -0.4%). Emerging markets equities had positive returns in the second quarter of calendar year 2024, with the MSCI Emerging Markets Index returning +5.0%, partially attributed to China (MSCI China) at +6.9%.

Rising interest rates weighed on bonds with income balancing capital losses. The broad US bond market (as measured by the Bloomberg Aggregate Index) returned 0.1% for the second quarter of calendar year 2024. High yield bonds (as measured by the Barclays High Yield Index) remained positive, up 1.1% for the quarter.

Third Quarter 2024

As the third quarter of 2024 began, markets were guided by the continued themes of inflation trends and economic growth projections across key regions. In the Eurozone, inflation unexpectedly increased to 2.6% in July, from 2.5% in June, driven by rising energy costs. Japan's inflation remained steady at 2.8%, prompting the Bank of Japan to raise the policy rate to 0.25% after decades of near-zero rates. China's central bank implemented another round of interest rate cuts, aiming to support the economy amid a modest inflation recovery to 0.5% in July. In the US, inflation continued to decline, with year over year headline inflation falling to 2.9% in July, although costs remained a significant contributor to monthly inflation increases.

Global economic growth was projected to remain stable, with the International Monetary Fund forecasting a growth rate of around 3.2% for 2024, matching the 2023 estimate, and most major economies were expected to avoid a recession. However, key economic data in the US weakened, leading markets to anticipate multiple interest rate cuts by the Federal Reserve in response to improving inflation data and signs of economic weakness. This divergence in monetary policy among central banks, with some cutting rates and others raising them, was expected by some to influence capital flows and currency movements in the coming months.

In the third quarter of 2024, the US equity markets, represented by the Russell 3000 Index, rose by 6.2%. This increase was driven by a broadening rally that included strong performance in value and small cap stocks, reversing the earlier trend of narrow leadership by large cap growth stocks. The technology sector continued to perform well, contributing to the overall gains in the US equity markets.

Non-US developed equity markets, as measured by the MSCI EAFE Index, increased by 7.3% in the third quarter, with Japanese equities hitting multi-decade highs. In a reversal of the first two quarters of the year, the weakening US dollar in the third quarter had a beneficial impact on returns for US investors, as the local currency version of the index (as measured by the MSCI EAFE Index Local) returned just 0.8%. Emerging markets equities, represented by the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, posted a return of 8.7% in the third quarter, outperforming developed market stocks. Within emerging markets, China (as measured by the MSCI China Index) saw a significant rally of 23.5% for the quarter, driven by a substantial policy stimulus package aimed at supporting equity prices and reducing bank reserve requirements.

The broad US bond market, represented by the Bloomberg Aggregate Index, returned 5.2% in the third quarter, benefiting from expectations of additional policy rate cuts as inflation pressures receded and the economy showed signs of possible slowing. High yield bonds, as measured by the Bloomberg High Yield Index, were up 5.3% due to strong risk appetite and attractive yields.



Fourth Quarter 2024

At the start of the fourth quarter of 2024, the global economy was characterized by mixed outcomes influenced by various geopolitical and economic factors. The US election played a significant role, with markets reacting to the incoming Trump administration's proposed policies, which included tariffs, tax cuts and deportations, raising concerns about future inflationary pressures and economic stability. Despite these concerns, US equities experienced a post-election rally driven by optimism over potential policy benefits, such as deregulation.

Even with the market focused on economic impacts from the incoming US administration's policies, the Federal Reserve cut its policy rate by 0.25% in December, but its Summary of Economic Projections and hawkish comments provoked a repricing of future rate cuts and their timing. That said, unemployment remained low and economic growth showed resilience throughout the quarter. Internationally, non-US markets faced challenges, with economic growth slowing in Europe and China, partly due to trade tensions and a strong US dollar. Overall, the quarter highlighted significant divergence between US and international markets, driven by varying economic policies and geopolitical uncertainties.

In the fourth quarter of 2024, global equity and bond markets exhibited varied performance. US equity markets, represented by the Russell 3000 Index, rose by 2.6%, driven by a post-election rally and strong performance in the technology sector. Non-US developed equity markets, as measured by the MSCI EAFE, declined by 8.1%, impacted by a strong US dollar and concerns over trade wars and slowing growth in Europe. Emerging markets equities, tracked by the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, fell by 8.0%, with China (as measured by the MSCI China Index) declining by 7.7% due to slowing economic growth, property sector issues, and discouragement of US investments.

In the fixed income market, the broad US bond market (as measured by the Bloomberg Aggregate Index) returned -3.1% due to higher inflation and rising interest rates. Conversely, high yield bonds (as measured by the Bloomberg High Yield Index) were up 0.2%, reflecting a continued strong risk appetite and attractive yields.

Overall, in 2024, global economies experienced varied growth and inflation trends. The US saw an annual gross domestic product (GDP) growth of 2.5% for the full calendar year, driven by strong consumer spending. Inflation in the US moderated to 3.0% by December, and the Fed Funds rate declined from a range of 5.25-5.50% to start the year down to 4.25-4.50% by year end. The Eurozone's GDP grew by 0.9% in 2024, with inflation stabilizing at 2.5% for the year. Japan's economy expanded by 0.1% in 2024, with an annual inflation rate of 3.6%, and was the only major economy to raise rates during the year. China's official government numbers showed it achieved its GDP growth target of 5.0%, supported by strong exports and government stimulus, though inflation remained low at 0.1% for the full calendar year. Unemployment rates also varied across these regions. In the US, the unemployment rate was 4.1% in December 2024, reflecting a slight increase from the previous year. The Eurozone's unemployment rate remained relatively stable, averaging around 6.5%. Japan's unemployment rate was low, at approximately 2.7%, supported by steady job creation. In China, the unemployment rate hovered around 5.2%, with government policies aimed at maintaining employment stability.

First Quarter 2025

Amid ongoing uncertainty surrounding tariffs and policy implementation, the focus in the US shifted from inflationary to growth concerns over the quarter. US equity markets fell over the first quarter primarily due to the ambiguity of the new administration's policies. International equities performed well, driven by strong results in Europe, a weakening US dollar, and economic uncertainty in the US. Most fixed income markets gained over the quarter as investors rotated into the relative safety of high-quality bonds, with intermediate- and long-term interest rates decreasing in response to slowing growth expectations. The Federal Reserve made no rate adjustments during the quarter.



With tariffs at the forefront of concern, US markets fell during the quarter on expectations of dampened growth. The announcement from China of a cheaper but comparable artificial intelligence model (DeepSeek) and concerns over public sector job cuts also contributed to declines. Domestic equity markets (as measured by the Russell 3000 Index) posted a loss during the first quarter of 4.7% with the technology (-13.0%) and consumer discretionary (-10.5%) sectors driving the decline. The "Magnificent 7" stocks, which had been previously leading the S&P 500 Index, came under considerable pressure over the quarter on the announcement of DeepSeek, putting their earnings valuations under pressure. While the US equity market faced challenges over the quarter, international markets, particularly in Europe, outperformed US markets. The MSCI EAFE Index gained 6.9% for the quarter, supported by two rate cuts from the European Central Bank, a weaker US dollar, and a planned increase in EU defense spending. Germany was a particular standout, given the new administration's easing of Germany's strict borrowing limits to spend on defense and infrastructure. Emerging market equities (MSCI Emerging Markets) returned 2.9% in the first quarter.

Policy uncertainty in the US and weakening economic data related to the consumer caused investors to seek the safety of high-quality bonds over the quarter. In this environment, interest rates declined, with the 10-year Treasury yield decreasing from 4.6% to 4.2% over the quarter. The yield curve remained slightly steep (long-term interest rates being higher than short-term interest rates) at the end of the quarter given expectations for inflation to continue to fall and policy rates to continue lower. The broad US bond market, as measured by the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index, posted a return of 2.8% for the quarter, underperforming Treasuries in the risk-averse environment.

The US inflation rate (as measured by the CPI) has remained relatively stable after its recent decline. Housing-related costs continue to be the primary driver of inflation, remaining stubbornly above the Federal Reserve's target level. Despite some volatility over the quarter due to uncertainty surrounding new policies from the US administration, longer-dated inflation expectations, as measured by ten-year breakeven, remained at around 2.3% at the end of the quarter.

In the fourth quarter, the US GDP growth rate declined from 3.1% to 2.4% quarter over quarter as consumer spending (+2.7%) and government spending (+0.5%) rose, while investment (-0.2%) fell. For the first quarter, the Atlanta Federal Reserve's GDPNow Forecast predicts a 2.8% decline in GDP, while the New York Federal Reserve's Nowcast model forecasts a 2.4% increase. It will be important to see the official first guarter 2025 GDP figure later in April.

At its January meeting, the Federal Reserve maintained US interest rates within a target range of 4.25% to 4.50%. Since beginning to lower rates in September of last year, the total cuts have amounted to 1.0% in this cycle. With growing concerns about economic growth, markets anticipated three additional rate cuts this year in the US at quarter-end up from just under two at the start of the quarter. However, the timing of these potential cuts remains unclear; although recent surveys and sentiment indicators have weakened suggesting a potential slowdown in growth, employment remains solid while inflation is still stubbornly above the Federal Reserve's 2% average target.

Following the April 2, 2025, "Liberation Day", when the US administration announced its latest tariff policy, volatility has significantly spiked with equity markets experiencing strong declines, interest rates rising, and the US dollar weakening. These newly introduced tariffs represent levels not seen since the 1800s. They include a broad minimum 10% tariff on all countries with higher "reciprocal" levels on those countries with elevated tariffs on US goods. However, as of this writing on April 15, 2025, a 90-day suspension period had been applied to most of the reciprocal tariffs, with the notable exception of China which enacted retaliatory tariffs on the US. Exemptions to tariffs have also been discussed and the final policy remains in flux while contributing to heightened volatility and weakening faith in the US as a destination for investment. Some notable reciprocal tariffs include China (34%), Japan (24%), and the EU (20%). These rates stack on previously announced tariffs. Rates on key trading partners, Canada and Mexico, are currently expected to remain at the previously implemented levels. Some products from important economic areas like pharmaceuticals, semiconductors, lumber, steel, and aluminum were excluded, at least for now. Many countries have already indicated their plans for counter tariffs potentially further escalating tensions and market volatility with China already announcing an additional 34% tariff on the US.



We believe the path of negotiations related to tariffs will be key going forward. The longer levels and uncertainty related to tariffs remain elevated the greater the risk to economic growth. With recent pressure on US equities, the focus going forward will be whether earnings can remain resilient, given tariffs and the related potential for growth to slow. The divergence in monetary and fiscal policies going forward could put countries on distinct economic paths with impacts on markets. Finally, trade tensions between the US and China as well as China's support for its own economy through stimulus measures and advances in artificial intelligence technologies will remain a key focus.

Private Equity Outlook

Private equity deal-making had a slower start in 2025 with year-to-date deal activity through February 2025 below activity for the same period in each of the past five years. Private equity sponsors continue to prioritize providing liquidity and returning capital to their investors and, despite exits starting to pick up, some general partner sponsors (GPs) are taking advantage of alternative liquidity solutions such as minority sales, dividend recaps, secondaries, and NAV loans. As a result of the current liquidity challenges, secondaries have become a popular strategy to solve liquidity challenges and have experienced significant growth over the past couple of years. Secondaries are expected to continue growing in the year ahead. The industry's dearth of distributions has affected fundraising efforts and GPs' ability to raise capital for their next fund while existing funds have capital tied up in unrealized investments. As of December 31, 2024, almost one-third of US buyout-backed companies have been held for 5+ years, according to Pitchbook. After US private equity fundraising dropped for a third consecutive year in 2024, fundraising remains slow with 81 funds closing YTD through February in 2025, although certain GPs widely seen to be top tier have not had as many fundraising issues.

We believe that the uncertainty created by the Trump administration's oscillating tariff policy is a likely benefit for private equity, especially co-investments, as GPs and portfolio company management teams are generally able to operate outside of the pressure and noise in the public markets and develop a solid plan for addressing the tariffs where applicable. We adhere to the belief that the PMPEX portfolio is largely insulated from tariffs thus far with the majority of the Fund's portfolio in service-oriented companies and companies with US-based revenue exposure.

On behalf of the entire Primark team, I would like to thank you for your continued support and partnership.

Sincerely,

President and Trustee, Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund

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The views expressed in this commentary are informed opinions. They should not be considered promises or advice. The views expressed reflect those of the portfolio managers, only through the end of the period as stated on the cover. The portfolio managers' views are subject to change at any time based on market and other conditions.

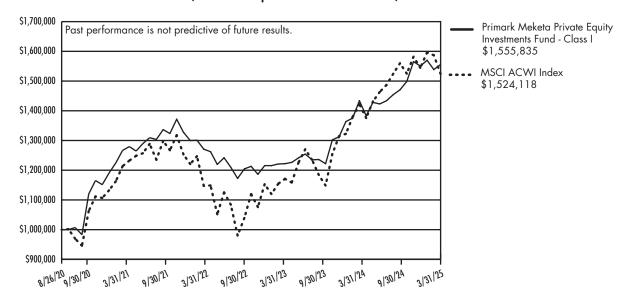
An investment in the Fund is subject to, among others, the following risks:

- Shares are appropriate only for those investors who can tolerate a high degree of risk and do not require
 a liquid investment and for whom an investment in the Fund does not constitute a complete investment
 program.
- The Fund is a "non-diversified" management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- Shares of the Fund are not listed on any securities exchange, and it is not anticipated that a secondary market for shares will develop.
- Although the Fund will offer to repurchase Shares from time to time, Shares will not be redeemable at a Shareholder's option, nor will they be exchangeable for shares of any other fund. As a result, an investor may not be able to sell or otherwise liquidate his or her Shares.
- Shares are speculative and involve a high degree of risk, including the risk associated with leverage.



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND PERFORMANCE GRAPH March 31, 2025 (Unaudited)

Comparison of the Change in Value of a \$1,000,000 Investment in Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund - Class I (since inception on 8/26/2020) versus the MSCI ACWI Index



| Average Annual Toto (for the periods ended M | al Returns arch 31, 2025) | | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 1 Year | 3 Years | Since Inception (8/26/2020) |
| Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund - Class I ^(a) MSCI ACWI Index ^(b) | 8.52% 7.15% | 6.15% 6.91% | 10.10% 9.61% |

The Fund's total returns assume reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, and do not reflect the deduction of taxes a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or proceeds from the repurchase of Fund shares. Fund returns would have been lower if a portion of the fees had not been waived.

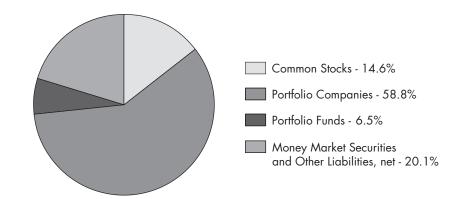
The performance shown represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate so that an investor's shares when repurchased may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be higher or lower than the performance data quoted. To obtain performance data current to the most recent month end, please call 1-877-792-0924, or visit www.primarkcapital.com. Please read the Fund's Prospectus carefully before investing.

The MSCI ACWI Index captures large and mid cap representation across 23 Developed Markets countries and 24 Emerging Markets countries. With 2,558 constituents, as of March 31, 2025, the Index covers approximately 85% of the global investable equity opportunity set. Index returns, unlike Fund returns, do not reflect any fees or expenses.



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND PORTFOLIO INFORMATION March 31, 2025 (Unaudited)

ASSET ALLOCATION (% of Net Assets)





PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS March 31, 2025

PUBLICLY LISTED COMPANIES — 14.6%

| COMMON STOCKS — 14.6% | Shares | Value |
|--|-----------|-------------------|
| FINANCIALS — 14.6% | | |
| ASSET MANAGEMENT — 14.6% | | |
| Apollo Global Management, Inc. | 39,497 | \$ 5,408,720 |
| Ares Management Corporation - Class A | 33,976 | 4,981,221 |
| Blackstone, Inc | 37,309 | 5,215,052 |
| Blue Owl Capital, Inc Class A | 138,027 | 2,766,061 |
| Brookfield Asset Management Ltd Class A | 89,994 | 4,360,209 |
| Brookfield Corporation | 42,468 | 2,225,748 |
| Carlyle Group, Inc. (The) | 123,854 | 5,398,796 |
| Hamilton Lane, Inc Class A | 22,770 | 3,385,216 |
| KKR & Company, Inc | 42,959 | 4,966,490 |
| StepStone Group, Inc Class A | 53,454 | 2,791,902 |
| TPG, Inc | 51,919 | 2,462,518 |
| TOTAL PUBLICLY LISTED COMPANIES (Cost \$44,112,966) | | \$ 43,961,933 |
| PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS — 65.3% | Shares | Value |
| PORTFOLIO COMPANIES — 58.8% | | |
| Accessibe Coinvest Aggregator, L.P. (a)(b)(c) | 57,991 | \$ 6,850,555 |
| BlueVoyant, Inc. (b)(c)(d) | 3,404,834 | 9,320,000 |
| Circuit Clinical Solutions Preferred Series C Stock ^{(b)(c)(d)} | 112,300 | 6,000,000 |
| FS NU Investors, L.P Class A ^{(b)(c)(d)} | 47,500 | 4,722,253 |
| FS NU Investors, L.P Class C ^{(b)(c)(d)} | 2,404 | 268,169 |
| Greenbriar Coinvestment WPS, L.P. (a)(b)(c)(e) | · — | 3,751,493 |
| Hg Vibranium Co-Invest, L.P. (a)(b)(c)(e) | _ | 12,093,378 |
| JMI Time Aggregator, L.P. ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)} | _ | 6,800,704 |
| KOLN Co-Invest Blocked, L.P Class A ^{(b)(c)(d)} | 5,000 | 5,716,11 <i>7</i> |
| Onex ISO Co-Invest, L.P. (a)(b)(c)(e) | _ | 7,086,202 |
| Partners Group Client Access 43, L.P. Inc. (a)(b)(c)(e) | _ | 9,169,952 |
| Partners Group Client Access 45, L.P. Inc. (a)(b)(c)(e) | _ | 4,544,289 |
| Project Aftermath I ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)} | _ | 8,536,673 |
| Project Aftermath II ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)} | _ | 5,106,856 |
| Project Arete ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)} | _ | 7,218,034 |
| Project Backyard ^{(b)(c)(d)} | 50,000 | 7,500,000 |
| Project Domino ^{(a)(b)(c)} | 10,000 | 10,133,329 |
| Project Firebird ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)} | _ | 4,997,683 |



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS March 31, 2025 (Continued)

| PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS — 65.3% (Continued) | Shares | Value |
|---|------------|----------------|
| PORTFOLIO COMPANIES — 58.8% (Continued) | | |
| Project Maple(b)(c)(d) | 8,000,000 | \$ 12,704,000 |
| Project Warrior ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)} | _ | 8,985,001 |
| RCP MB Investments B, L.P. (a)(b)(c)(e) | _ | 9,487,943 |
| REP Patriot Coinvest IV-A, L.P. (b)(c)(d) | 2,550,000 | 2,430,000 |
| SKCP VI Artemis Co-Invest, L.P. (a)(b)(e) | _ | 14,216,978 |
| VEPF VIII Co-Invest 3-A, L.P. (a)(b)(c)(e) | _ | 9,328,555 |
| | | \$ 176,968,164 |
| PORTFOLIO FUNDS — 6.5% | | |
| Apax XI USD, L.P. ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)} | _ | 1,187,527 |
| Cordillera Investment Fund III-B, L.P. ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)} | _ | 1,144,870 |
| PMOV Fund, L.P. ^{(a)(b)(c)(e)(f)} | _ | 10,071,448 |
| Saturn Five Frontier I, LLC - Class $A^{(a)[b](c)}$ | 3,605,681 | 6,926,688 |
| | | \$ 19,330,533 |
| TOTAL PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS (Cost \$146,819,283) | | \$ 196,298,697 |
| MONEY MARKET SECURITIES — 20.5% | Shares | Value |
| Fidelity Investments Money Market Treasury Portfolio - Class I, 4.20% (Cost \$61,563,504) | 61,563,504 | \$ 61,563,504 |
| (603) \$61,303,304) | 01,300,304 | Ψ 01,300,304 |
| TOTAL INVESTMENTS AT VALUE — 100.4% (Cost \$252,495,753) | | \$ 301,824,134 |
| LIABILITIES IN EXCESS OF OTHER ASSETS — (0.4%) | | (1,134,335) |
| NET ASSETS — 100.0% | | \$ 300,689,799 |

^[a] Investment is valued using the Fund's pro rata net asset value (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient. Please see Note 2 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for respective investment strategies, unfunded commitments, and redemption restrictions.

⁽b) Restricted investments as to resale (see Note 2).

⁽c) Non-income producing security.

⁽d) Level 3 securities fair valued using significant unobservable inputs (see Note 2).

⁽e) Investment does not issue shares.

Affiliated investment for which ownership is 25% or more of the investment's capital (see Note 5).

[[]g] The rate shown is the 7-day effective yield as of March 31, 2025.

L.P. — Limited Partnerships.



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES March 31, 2025

ASSETS

| Investments in securities: | | |
|--|----------|-------------|
| Affiliated investments at cost (Note 5) | \$ | 9,946,476 |
| Unaffiliated investments at cost | | 242,549,277 |
| Affiliated investments at value (Note 5) | \$ | 10,071,448 |
| Unaffiliated investments at value | | 291,752,686 |
| Foreign currency, at value (cost \$15,064) | | 13,973 |
| Receivable for capital shares sold | | 218,478 |
| Receivable for investment securities sold | | 5,812,887 |
| Dividends and interest receivable | | 198,350 |
| Tax reclaims receivable | | 24,731 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 32,464 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 308,125,017 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Payable for capital shares redeemed | | 7,018,943 |
| Payable to Adviser (Note 4) | | 192,573 |
| Payable to administrator (Note 4) | | 6,173 |
| Accrued shareholder servicing fees (Note 4) | | 24,690 |
| Accrued professional fees | | 103,427 |
| Other accrued expenses | | 89,412 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 7 405 010 |
| Contingencies and Commitments (Note 7) | | |
| NET ASSETS | \$ | 300,689,799 |
| | <u> </u> | |
| NET ASSETS CONSIST OF: | | |
| Paid-in capital | \$ | 260,108,837 |
| Distributable earnings | | 40,580,962 |
| NET ASSETS | \$ | 300,689,799 |
| PRICING OF CLASS I SHARES | | |
| Net assets applicable to Class I Shares | \$ | 300,689,799 |
| Shares of Class I Shares outstanding (no par value, unlimited number of shares | <u>*</u> | |
| authorized) | | 20,883,794 |
| Net asset value, offering and redemption price per share $^{[a]}$ (Note 2) | \$ | 14.40 |
| | | |

[a] Early repurchase fee may apply to tender of shares held for less than one year (Note 8).



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

| INV | ESTN | \ENT | inco | ME |
|-----|------|------|------|----|
| | | | | |

| Dividends from unaffiliated investments | \$ | 2,155,732 |
|---|----|-------------|
| Distributions from unaffiliated Portfolio Funds | , | 4,577 |
| Foreign withholding taxes on dividends from unaffilliated investments | | • |
| TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME | | 2,151,108 |
| EXPENSES | | |
| Investment management fees (Note 4) | | 3,461,239 |
| Legal fees | | 618,368 |
| Shareholder servicing fees, Class I (Note 4) | | 230,746 |
| Administration fees (Note 4) | | 132,385 |
| Trustees' fees (Note 4) | | 120,001 |
| Audit and tax services fees | | 111,613 |
| Certifying financial officer fees (Note 4) | | 59,999 |
| Compliance fees (Note 4) | | 50,001 |
| Transfer agent fees (Note 4) | | 49,984 |
| Registration and filing fees | | 41,201 |
| Insurance expense | | 40,184 |
| Custodian fees | | 29,033 |
| Valuation Fees | | 26,999 |
| Other expenses | | 142,930 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES, BEFORE TAXES | | 5,114,683 |
| Investment management fees waived by the Adviser (Note 4) | | (484, 166) |
| NET EXPENSES, BEFORE TAXES | | 4,630,517 |
| NET INVESTMENT LOSS, BEFORE TAXES | | (2,479,409) |
| Current tax (expense)/benefit | | |
| NET INVESTMENT LOSS, NET OF INCOME TAX | | (2,479,409) |
| REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES) | | |
| Net realized gains from unaffiliated investments | | 5,243,957 |
| Current tax (expense)/benefit | | _ |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on: | | |
| Unaffiliated investments | | 16,615,848 |
| Affiliated investments | | 124,972 |
| Foreign currency translation (Note 2) | | (853) |
| Deferred tax (expense)/benefit | | |
| NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES), NET OF INCOME TAX | | 21,893,924 |
| NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS | \$ | 19,504,515 |



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

| | Year Ended March 31, 2025 | Year Ended March 31, 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| FROM OPERATIONS | | |
| Net investment loss, net of income tax | \$ (2,479,409) | \$ (1,165,635) |
| Net realized gains (losses), net of income tax | 5,243,957 | (2,819,563) |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation), net of deferred tax expense | 16,739,967 | 29,844,112 |
| Net increase in net assets resulting from operations | 19,504,515 | 25,858,914 |
| rver increase in her assets resulting from operations | 19,304,313 | 23,636,914 |
| FROM DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS (Note 2) | | |
| Class I | | |
| CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS Class I | | |
| Proceeds from shares sold | 112 512 055 | 65,751,113 |
| Proceeds from early repurchase fees collected (Notes 2 and 8). | 113,542,855 29,228 | 46,044 |
| Payments for shares repurchased | (17,279,374) | (33,164,806) |
| Net increase in Class I net assets from capital share transactions | 96,292,709 | 32,632,351 |
| The mercuse in class the assets from capital share transactions | | |
| TOTAL INCREASE IN NET ASSETS | 115,797,224 | 58,491,265 |
| NET ASSETS | | |
| Beginning of year | 184,892,575 | 126,401,310 |
| End of year | \$ 300,689,799 | <u>\$ 184,892,575</u> |
| CAPITAL SHARE ACTIVITY Class I | | |
| Shares sold | 8,206,741 | 5,604,570 |
| Shares repurchased | (1,252,533) | (2,767,677) |
| Net increase in shares outstanding | 6,954,208 | 2,836,893 |
| Shares outstanding, beginning of year | 13,929,586 | 11,092,693 |
| Shares outstanding, end of year | 20,883,794 | 13,929,586 |



Cash flows from operating activities

PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY **INVESTMENTS FUND** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

(18)

(9,912)

| Net increase in net assets from operations | \$ 19,504,515 |
|---|------------------|
| Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities: | |
| Purchases of unaffiliated investments | (84, 163, 774) |
| Purchases of affiliated investments | (13,111,745) |
| Purchases of short-term investments, net | (38,264,448) |
| Proceeds from sale of investments from unaffiliates | 39,473,059 |
| Proceeds from sale of investments from affiliates | 3,165,269 |
| Net realized gain on unaffiliated investments | (5,243,957) |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation on unaffiliated investments | (16,615,848) |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation on affiliated investments | (124,972) |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation on foreign currency translation | 853 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Assets: | |
| Increase in dividends and interest receivable | (56,863) |

| Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities: | |
|--|----------|
| Decrease in payable to Adviser | (24,218) |
| Decrease in payable to administrator | (6, 165) |
| Increase in accrued shareholder servicing fees | 9,244 |

Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets.....

| O Company of the comp | | , |
|--|----|--------------|
| Increase in accrued professional fees | | 25,429 |
| Increase in other accrued expenses | | 17,991 |
| No. 1 Dr. or organization | φ. | 105 105 5101 |

| Net cash used in operating activities | <u> </u> | (95,425,560) |
|---------------------------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | |

| Net cash provided by financina activities | \$ 95 354 413 |
|---|------------------|
| Payment for shares repurchased, net of change in payable for capital shares redeemed | (18,351,272) |
| Proceeds from early repurchased fees collected | 29,228 |
| Proceeds from issuance of shares, net of change in receivable for capital shares sold | 113,676,457 |

Cash flows from financing activities



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended March 31, 2025 (Continued)

| Effect of foreign currency exchange rates on cash | \$ (871) |
|---|---------------|
| Net change in cash | (72,018) |
| Cash at beginning of year | 71,147 |
| Cash denominated in foreign currencies at beginning of year | 14,844 |
| Total cash at beginning of year | 85,991 |
| Cash at end of year | _ |
| Cash denominated in foreign currencies at end of year | 13,973 |
| Total cash at end of year | \$ 13,973 |
| Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activity: | |
| Reinvestment of distributions from underlying investments | \$ 772,370 |
| Reinvestment of Fund distributions to shareholders | \$ |



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND CLASS I SHARES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data for a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period

| _ | Year Ended Year Ended March 31, March 31, 2025* 2024* | | Year Ended March 31, 2023* | Year Ended March 31, 2022* | Period Ended March 31, 2021 * ^(a) |
|---|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Net asset value at beginning of year/period | \$ 13.27 | \$ 11.40 | \$ 12.15 | \$ 12.23 | \$ 10.00 |
| Income (loss) from investment operations: | | | | | |
| Net investment loss(b)(c) | (0.15) | (0.09) | (O.11) | (0.02) | (0.01) |
| Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments | 1.28 | 1.96 | (0.56) | 0.83 | 2.25 |
| Total from investment operations | 1.13 | 1.87 | (0.67) | 0.81 | 2.24 |
| Less distributions from: | | | | | |
| Net investment income | _ | _ | _ | (0.90) | (0.01) |
| Net realized capital gains | | | (0.09) | 0.00 ^(d) | <u> </u> |
| Total from distributions | | | (0.09) | (0.90) | (0.01) |
| Proceeds from early repurchase fees collected (Notes 2 and 8) | O.OO ^(d) | O.OO ^(d) | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 ^(d) |
| Net asset value at end of year/period | \$ 14.40 | \$ 13.27 | \$ 11.40 | \$ 12.15 | \$ 12.23 |
| Total return ^(e) | 8.52% | 16.40% | (5.40%) | 6.33% | 22.44% ^(f) |
| Net assets at end of year/period (000's) | \$ 300,690 | \$184,893 | \$126,401 | \$ 91,890 | \$ 20,202 |
| Ratios/supplementary data: | | | | | |
| Ratio of total expenses to average net assets, before tax expense/(benefit) ^(g) | 2.21% | 2.13% | 2.47% | 2.77% | 5.36% ^(h) |
| Ratio of net expenses to average net assets, before tax expense/(benefit) ^{[g][i]} | 2.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% ^(h) |
| Ratio of income tax expense/ (benefit) ⁽ⁱ⁾ | 0.00% | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets, after tax expense/(benefit) ^{[b](g)i} | (1.07%) | (0.74%) | (0.93%) | (0.15%) | (0.10%) ^(h) |
| Portfolio turnover rate | 22% | 17% | 46% | 12% | 3% ^(f) |

^{*} Includes adjustments in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, and consequently, the net asset value for financial reporting purposes and returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

^(a) Represents the period from the commencement of operations August 26, 2020 through March 31, 2021.



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND CLASS I SHARES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

- Recognition of net investment loss by the Fund is affected by the timing of the declaration of the dividends by the underlying investments of the Fund. The ratio of net investment income (loss) does not include the net investment income/loss of the investments of the Fund.
- (c) Net investment loss per share has been calculated using the average daily shares outstanding during the period.
- (d) Amount rounds to less than \$0.01 per share.
- (e) Total return is a measure of the change in value of an investment in the Fund over the period covered, which assumes any dividends and capital gain distributions are reinvested in shares of the Fund. The returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions, if any, or the redemption of Fund shares. The returns would have been lower if certain expenses had not been waived and/or reimbursed by the Adviser (Note 4).
- (f) Not annualized.
- The ratios of expenses and net investment loss to average net assets do not reflect the Fund's proportionate share of income and expenses of underlying investments of the Fund, including management and performance fees. As of March 31, 2025 the Fund's underlying investments included a range of management and/or administrative fees from 0.0% to 2.00% and performance fees from 0.0% to 20%.
- (h) Annualized.
- Ratio was determined after management fees waived and expense reimbursements (Note 4).
- Includes current and deferred tax expense/(benefit) derived from the net investment income/loss and realized and unrealized gains/losses (Note 2).



1. Organization

Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund (the "Fund") is organized as a Delaware statutory trust that is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company. The Fund operates as an interval fund pursuant to Rule 23c-3 under the 1940 Act. The Fund's investment objective is to generate long-term capital appreciation, consistent with prudent investment management. Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets, plus any borrowing for investment purposes, in private equity investments, including: (i) investments in the equity of private operating companies ("Portfolio Companies"); (ii) primary and secondary investments in private equity funds ("Portfolio Funds") managed by third-party managers; and (iii) investments in publicly listed companies that pursue the business of private equity investing, including listed private equity companies, listed funds of funds, business development companies, special purpose acquisition companies, alternative asset managers, holding companies, investment trusts, closed-end funds, financial institutions and other vehicles whose primary purpose is to invest in, lend capital to or provide services to privately held companies (together with Portfolio Companies and Portfolio Funds, "Private Equity Investments"). The Fund will also invest in short-term investments, including money market funds, short-term treasuries and other liquid investment vehicles. The Fund commenced operations on August 26, 2020.

The Fund currently offers one class of shares: Class I Shares which are sold without any sales loads, but are subject to shareholder servicing fees of up to 0.10% of the average daily net assets of Class I Shares and subject to a \$1,000,000 initial investment minimum. As of March 31, 2025, Class II Shares (to be sold without any sales loads, but subject to distribution and/or shareholder servicing fees of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of Class II Shares and subject to a \$50,000 initial investment minimum) are not currently offered. When all classes are offered, each class of shares will have identical rights and privileges except with respect to distribution (12b-1) and service fees, voting rights on matters affecting a single class of shares, and exchange privileges of each class of shares.

Consolidation of Subsidiaries — The Fund makes investments directly and through wholly-owned subsidiaries. As of March 31, 2025, there was one wholly-owned subsidiary. Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Subsidiary Fund I, LLC ("Subsidiary I") formed as a Delaware limited liability company, on March 31, 2025. During the period ended March 31, 2025, Subsidiary I had no assets or liabilities, nor had it engaged in investment activities, thus there were no financial activities to consolidate with the Fund.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the Fund's significant accounting policies.

Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates – The Fund is an investment company and accordingly follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946, *Financial Services – Investment Companies*. The financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents — Idle cash may be swept into various short-term investments, including money market funds or interest bearing overnight demand deposit accounts, in amounts which may exceed insured limits. Amounts swept overnight are available on the next business day.



Valuation of Securities — The Fund calculates the net asset value ("NAV") of each class of shares of the Fund as of the close of business on each day the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for trading (each, a "Determination Date"). In determining the NAV of each class of shares, the Fund values its investments as of the relevant Determination Date. The net assets of each class of the Fund equals the value of the total assets of the class, less all of the liabilities attributable to the class, including accrued fees and expenses, each determined as of the relevant Determination Date. The offering price and redemption price per share of each class of the Fund is equal to the NAV per share of such class, except that a 2.00% early repurchase fee may be charged as discussed in Note 8.

The valuation of the Fund's investments is performed in accordance with the Valuation and Pricing Policies ("Valuation Policies") adopted by the Trustees of the Fund (the "Board"), and in conjunction with FASB's Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. During the year ended March 31, 2025, there were changes made to the Fund's Valuation Policies to, among other enhancements, clarify: (i) the role of Primark Advisors LLC (the "Adviser" or "Valuation Designee") with respect to its performance of fair valuation determinations relating to Fund investments and its oversight of approved pricing sources; (ii) the provision of reporting to the Board of Trustees of the Fund; and (iii) the valuation of portfolio companies, portfolio funds, and other private investments.

Securities traded on one or more of the U.S. national securities exchanges, the Nasdaq Stock Market or any foreign stock exchange are valued based on their respective market price. Shares of mutual funds, including money market funds, are valued at their reported NAV. Debt instruments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued based on such market quotations. When a market quotation for a portfolio security is not readily available or is deemed unreliable and for the purpose of determining the value of the other Fund assets, the asset is priced at its fair value.

The Board has designated the investment adviser to the Fund, as the Valuation Designee pursuant to Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act to perform the fair value determination relating to any and all Fund investments, subject to the conditions and oversight requirements described in the Valuation Policies. In furtherance of its duties as Valuation Designee, the Adviser has formed a valuation committee (the "Valuation Committee"), to perform fair value determinations and oversee the day-to-day functions related to the fair valuation of the Fund's investments. The Valuation Committee has engaged a third-party valuation consultant to provide independent valuations on certain of the Fund's Private Equity investments.

In validating market quotations, the Valuation Committee considers different factors such as the source and the nature of the quotation in order to determine whether the quotation represents fair value. The Valuation Committee makes use of reputable financial information providers in order to obtain the relevant quotations.

Assets and liabilities initially expressed in foreign currencies will be converted into U.S. Dollars using foreign exchange rates provided by a recognized pricing service.

The Fund's investments in Portfolio Companies may be made directly with the Portfolio Company or through a special purpose vehicle ("SPV"). Portfolio Companies may be valued at acquisition cost or based on recent transactions. If the Portfolio Company investment is made through an SPV, it will generally be valued based on the latest NAV reported by the SPV. These Portfolio Companies are monitored for any independent audits or impairments reported on the potential value of the investment in accordance with the Valuation Policies.

The Fund's investments in certain Portfolio Companies and Portfolio Funds, which may include debt and equity securities, that are not publicly traded or for which market prices are not readily available (unquoted investments), the fair value is determined in good faith. In determining the fair values of these investments, the Valuation Committee typically applies widely recognized market and income valuation methodologies including, but not limited to, earnings and multiple analysis, discounted cash flow method and third-party valuations. In order to determine a fair value, these methods are applied to the latest information provided by the underlying portfolio companies or other business counterparties.



Primary and secondary investments in Portfolio Funds are generally valued at acquisition cost initially until the Portfolio Fund Manager reports an updated net asset value or until the Fund receives additional information and is further adjusted as follows. The Valuation Committee will consider any cash flows since the reference date of the last net asset value reported by the Portfolio Fund Manager by (i) adding the nominal amount of the investment related capital calls and (ii) deducting the nominal amount of investment related distributions from the last net asset value reported by the Portfolio Fund Manager. With respect to purchases or sales of secondary investments in Portfolio Funds, the latest net asset value reported by the Portfolio Fund Manager may be further adjusted if the Valuation Committee determines that the price paid or received is representative of a transaction between willing parties at the time of the purchase or sale.

In addition to tracking the NAV plus related cash flows of such Portfolio Funds, the Valuation Committee may consider relevant broad-based and issuer (or fund) specific valuation information relating to the assets held by each Portfolio Fund that is reasonably available at the time the Fund values its investments. The Valuation Committee will consider such information and may conclude in certain circumstances that the information provided by the Portfolio Fund Manager does not represent the fair value of a particular asset held by a Portfolio Fund. If the Valuation Committee concludes in good faith that the latest NAV reported by a Portfolio Fund Manager does not represent fair value (e.g., there is more current information regarding a portfolio asset which significantly changes its fair value), the Valuation Committee will make a corresponding adjustment to reflect the current fair value of such asset within such Portfolio Fund. In determining the fair value of assets held by Portfolio Funds, the Valuation Committee applies valuation methodologies as outlined above.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in determining the fair value of investments for which market values are not readily available, the fair values of these investments may fluctuate from period to period. In addition, such fair value may differ materially from the values that may have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may significantly differ from the value ultimately realized by the Fund.

U.S. GAAP establishes a single authoritative definition of fair value, sets out a framework for measuring fair value and requires additional disclosures about fair value measurement.

Various inputs are used in determining the value of the Fund's investments. These inputs are summarized in the three broad levels listed below:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices of similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

Private investments that are measured at fair value using the Fund's pro rata NAV (or its equivalent) without further adjustment, as a practical expedient of fair value are excluded from the fair value hierarchy. Generally, the fair value of the Fund's investment in a privately offered investment represents the amount that the Fund could reasonably expect to receive from the investment fund if the Fund's investment is withdrawn at the measurement date based on NAV.

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.



The following is a summary of the Fund's investments and inputs used to value the investments, by security type, as of March 31, 2025:

Fair Value Measurements at the End of the Reporting Period Using

| Investments in Securities | Practical Expedient* | Level 1 Level 2 | | Level 3 | Total |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------|--------------|---------------|
| Common Stocks | \$ - | \$ 43,961,933 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 43,961,933 |
| Private Equity Investments** | 147,638,158 | _ | _ | 48,660,539 | 196,298,697 |
| Money Market Securities | | 61,563,504 | | | 61,563,504 |
| Total | \$147,638,158 | \$105,525,437 | \$ | \$48,660,539 | \$301,824,134 |

^{*} Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the Fund's pro rata NAV (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the Schedule of Investments.

The following is the fair value measurement of investments that are measured at the Fund's pro rata NAV (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient:

| Private Equity Investment ^(a) | Investment Strategy | Fair Value | Unfunded Commitment | Redemption Frequency | Redemption Notice Period |
|--|---|-----------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Accessibe Coinvest Aggregator, L.P | Technology | \$ 6,850,555 | \$ - | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Apax XI USD L.P | Global private equity investments | 1,187,527 | 3,855,766 | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Cordillera Investment Fund III-B, L.P | Niche non- correlated | 1,144,870 | 443,784 | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Greenbriar Coinvestment WPS, L.P | Aerospace components | 3,751,493 | 1,250,000 | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Hg Vibranium Co-Invest L.P | Enterprise resource planning and technology | 12,093,378 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| JMI Time Aggregator, L.P | Software services | 6,800,704 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Onex ISO Co-Invest, L.P | Financial services | 7,086,202 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Partners Group Client Access 43, L.P. Inc | Financial services | 9,169,952 | 1,886,513 | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |

^{**} All sub-categories within the security type represent their respective evaluation status. For a detailed breakout please refer to the Schedule of Investments.



| Private Equity Investment ^(a) | Investment Strategy | F | air Value | Unfunded Commitment | Redemption Frequency | Redemption Notice Period |
|---|--|----|-------------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Partners Group Client Access 45, L.P. Inc. | Watchmaking industry | \$ | 4,544,289 | \$ - | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| PMOV Fund, L.P | Global private markets Information | 1 | 0,071,448 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent Subject to | Not Applicable |
| Project Aftermath I | technology services Information | | 8,536,673 | 98,262 | General Partner consent Subject to | Not Applicable |
| Project Aftermath II | technology services | | 5,106,856 | 68,030 | General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Project Arete | Financial services | | 7,218,034 | 1,595,805 | Subject to General Partner consent Subject to | Not Applicable |
| Project Domino | Commodities | 1 | 0,133,329 | _ | General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Project Firebird | Technology platform | | 4,997,683 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Project Warrior | | | 8,985,001 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| RCP MB Investments B, L.P | Payment processing software and technology | | 9,487,943 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| Saturn Five Frontier I, LLC – Class A | / | | 6,926,688 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| SKCP VI Artemis Co-Invest, L.P | Generic pharmaceutical products | 1 | 4,216,978 | _ | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |
| VEPF VIII Co-Invest 3-A, L.P | Software services | | 9,328,555 17,638,158 | <u> </u> | Subject to General Partner consent | Not Applicable |

^(a) Refer to the Schedule of Investments for classifications of individual securities.



The following is a roll-forward of the activity in investments in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value as of March 31, 2025:

| | Beginning balance April 1, 2024 | Transfers into Level 3 during the period | Transfers out of Level 3 during the period | Purchases or Contributions | Sales or Distributions | Net realized gain (loss) | Change in net unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) | Ending Balance March 31, 2025 |
|------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Portfolio Companies | \$31,000,000 | <u>\$</u> _ | \$ | \$ 8,348,753 | \$ | <u>\$</u> _ | \$ 9,311,786 | \$ 48,660,539 |

There were no transfers into or out of any levels during the year ended March 31, 2025.

The following is a summary of quantitative information about significant unobservable valuation inputs for Level 3 Fair Value Measurements for investments held as of March 31, 2025:

| Level 3 Investment ^(a) | Fair Value | Valuation Technique | Unobservable Inputs | Range of Inputs/ Average | Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| BlueVoyant, Inc | \$ 9,320,000 | Market Approach | Revenue Multiples | 2.87x - 12.87x/ 7.69x | Increase |
| Circuit Clinical Solutions Preferred Series C Stock | 6,000,000 | Recent transaction | Recent equity issuance | N/A | N/A |
| FS NU Investors, L.P. – Class A ^(b) | 4,722,253 | Market & Income Approach | EBITDA Multiples and WACC | 10.5x - 30.1x/ 19.1x | Increase/ Decrease |
| FS NU Investors, L.P. – Class C ^(b) | 268,169 | Market & Income Approach | EBITDA Multiples and WACC | 10.5x - 30.1x/ 19.1x | Increase/ Decrease |
| KOLN Co-Invest Blocked, L.P. – Class A | 5,716,117 | Market Approach | General Partner Net Asset Value | Not Applicable | Increase |
| Project Backyard | 7,500,000 | Market Approach | General Partner Net Asset Value | Not Applicable | Increase |
| Project Maple | 12,704,000 | Market Approach | EBITDA Multiples | 7.2x - 40.2x/14.8x | Increase |
| REP Patriot Coinvest IV-A, L.P | 2,430,000 \$48,660,539 | Market Approach | EBITDA Multiples | 4.3x - 29.5x/8.9x | Increase |

⁽a) Refer to Schedule of Investments for classifications of individual securities.

⁽b) Weighted allocations of EBITDA Multiples and WACC were 67% and 33%, respectively.



Restricted Securities – Restricted securities are securities that may be resold only upon registration under federal securities laws or in transactions exempt from such registration. In some cases, the issuer of restricted securities has agreed to register such securities for resale, at the issuer's expense either upon demand by the Fund or in connection with another registered offering of the securities. Many restricted securities may be resold in the secondary market in transactions exempt from registration. Such restricted securities may be determined to be liquid under criteria established by the Board. The restricted securities may be valued at the price provided by dealers in the secondary market or, if no market prices are available, the fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with the Fund's Valuation Policies. Portfolio Funds generally are restricted securities that are subject to substantial holding periods and are not traded in public markets. The Fund may not be able to resell some of its investments for extended periods, which may be several years.

Additional information on each restricted investment held by the Fund on March 31, 2025 is as follows:

| Security Description | Acquisition Date |) | Cost | Value | % of Net Assets |
|---|------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Portfolio Company | | | | | |
| Accessibe Coinvest Aggregator, L.P | 5/10/2024 | \$ | 5,071,338 | \$ 6,850,555 | 2.3% |
| BlueVoyant, Inc | 12/23/2021 | | 8,000,000 | 9,320,000 | 3.1% |
| Circuit Clinical Solutions Preferred Series C Stock | 1/13/2022 | | 6,000,000 | 6,000,000 | 2.0% |
| FS NU Investors, L.P. – Class A | 8/11/2022 | | 4,828,057 | 4,722,253 | 1.6% |
| FS NU Investors, L.P. – Class C | 8/9/2024 | | 264,308 | 268,169 | 0.1% |
| Greenbriar Coinvestment WPS, L.P | 2/13/2023 | | 3,833,103 | 3,751,493 | 1.1% |
| Hg Vibranium Co-Invest, L.P | 6/29/2022 | | 7,272,986 | 12,093,378 | 4.0% |
| JMI Time Aggregator, L.P | 12/5/2022 | | 5,033,995 | 6,800,704 | 2.3% |
| KOLN Co-Invest Blocked, L.P. – Class A | 3/29/2023 | | 5,040,615 | 5,716,117 | 1.9% |
| Onex ISO Co-Invest, L.P | 10/29/2021 | | 5,000,000 | 7,086,202 | 2.4% |
| Partners Group Client Access 43, L.P. Inc | 11/16/2022 | | 6,186,946 | 9,169,952 | 3.0% |
| Partners Group Client Access 45, L.P. Inc | 4/21/2023 | | 5,636,050 | 4,544,289 | 1.5% |
| Project Aftermath I | 1/23/2024 | | 7,944,592 | 8,536,673 | 2.8% |
| Project Aftermath II | 6/21/2024 | | 4,708,920 | 5,106,856 | 1.7% |
| Project Arete | 5/3/2024 | | 5,116,369 | 7,218,034 | 2.4% |
| Project Backyard | 5/1/2023 | | 5,030,923 | 7,500,000 | 2.5% |
| Project Domino | 12/9/2024 | | 10,262,591 | 10,133,329 | 3.4% |
| Project Firebird | 8/5/2024 | | 5,058,711 | 4,997,683 | 1.7% |
| Project Maple | 5/28/2024 | | 8,084,445 | 12,704,000 | 4.2% |
| Project Warrior | 8/18/2023 | | 4,264,484 | 8,985,001 | 3.0% |
| RCP MB Investments B, L.P | 7/11/2022 | | 8,242,477 | 9,487,943 | 3.2% |
| REP Patriot Coinvest IV-A, L.P | 1/27/2023 | | 2,601,457 | 2,430,000 | 0.8% |
| SKCP VI Artemis Co-Invest, L.P | 3/24/2023 | | 103,835 | 14,216,978 | 4.7% |
| VEPF VIII Co-Invest 3-A, L.P | 9/25/2023 | | 7,467,679 | 9,328,555 | 3.1% |
| Portfolio Funds | | | | | |
| Apax XI USD, L.P | 1/5/2024 | | 1,144,234 | 1,187,527 | 0.4% |
| Cordillera Investment Fund III-B, L.P | | | 1,069,011 | 1,144,870 | 0.4% |
| PMOV Fund, L.P. | | | 9,946,476 | 10,071,448 | 3.4% |
| Saturn Five Frontier I, LLC – Class A | | | 3,605,681 | 6,926,688 | 2.3% |
| , | . , | \$ | 146,819,283 | \$ 196,298,697 | 65.3% |



Foreign Currency Translation – Securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in or expected to settle in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on exchange rates on the following basis:

- A. The fair values of investment securities and other assets and liabilities are translated as of the close of the NYSE each day.
- B. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expenses are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing as of 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the respective date of such transactions.
- C. The Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations caused by changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from those caused by changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gains or losses on investments.

Reported net realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from 1) purchases and sales of foreign currencies, 2) currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions and 3) the difference between the amounts of dividends and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Fund's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Reported net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in the value of assets and liabilities that result from changes in exchange rates.

Investment Income and Return of Capital – Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Non-cash dividends included in dividend income, if any, are recorded at the fair value of the security received. Interest income is accrued as earned. Withholding taxes on foreign dividends have been recorded for in accordance with the Fund's understanding of the applicable country's tax rules and rates. Distributions received from investments in securities and private funds that represent a return of capital or capital gains are recorded as a reduction of cost of investments or as a realized gain, respectively.

Investment Transactions – Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on investment securities sold are determined on a specific identification basis.

Distributions to Shareholders – The Fund intends to make distributions necessary to qualify to be taxed as a RIC and, once qualified, maintain its qualification for taxation as a RIC. Distributions to shareholders arising from net investment and net realized capital gains, if any, are expected to be declared and paid annually to shareholders. The amount of distributions from net investment income and net realized capital gains are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. GAAP. Dividends and distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The Board may authorize distributions in shares or in excess of those required for the Fund to qualify or maintain RIC tax status depending on the Fund's financial condition and such other factors as the Board may deem relevant. The distribution rate may be modified by the Board from time to time. The Board reserves the right to change or suspend the distribution policy from time to time. Distributions to shareholders of the Fund are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Until such time as the Fund meets the requirements to qualify as a RIC, or if the Fund fails to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, it will be taxed as an ordinary corporation on its taxable income (even if such income is distributed to its shareholders) and all distributions out of earnings and profits will generally be taxed to certain non-corporate U.S. shareholders (including individuals) as "qualified dividend income" eligible for reduced maximum tax rates.

Federal Income Taxes – It is the Fund's intention to comply with the special provisions of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies ("RIC"). As provided therein, in any tax year in which a Fund generates 90% of its gross income from qualifying sources under Section 851(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, a Fund's portfolio holds at least 50% of its assets in qualifying assets at the end of each quarter, and distributes at least 90% of its taxable income, such Fund (but not the shareholders) will be relieved of federal income tax on the income distributed.



The Fund did not qualify as a RIC pursuant to Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code for the tax year ended September 30, 2024 because it did not generate at least 90% of its gross income from qualifying sources. As a result, the Fund was treated as a regular C corporation for federal income tax purposes and as such was obligated to pay federal, state and local income tax on taxable income for the tax year ended September 30, 2024. In order to qualify as a RIC in future years, the Fund has moved certain assets into Subsidiary I and sold some investments that did not generate qualifying income. The Adviser has determined at March 31, 2025 that based on evidence available at the time, the Fund has met the "more likely than not" evaluation criterion provided by FASB ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"), to qualify as a RIC for tax year ending September 30, 2026. Therefore, the Fund is not required to recognize a deferred tax liability under ASC 740 on the appreciation of its assets, consistent with the expectation to make a RIC election for September 30, 2026.

ASC 740 requires an evaluation of tax positions taken (or expected to be taken) in the course of preparing the Fund's tax return to determine whether these positions meet a "more likely than not" standard that, based on the technical merits, have a more than fifty percent likelihood of being sustained upon examination by a taxing authority. A tax position that meets the "more likely than not" recognition threshold is measured to determine the amount of benefit to recognize in the financial statements. The Fund recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense on the Statement of Operations.

ASC 740 requires management of the Fund to analyze all open tax years for all major jurisdictions that may be subject to examination by a tax authority. The open tax years include the current year plus the prior three tax years, or all years if the Fund has been in existence for less than three years. As of and during the year ended March 31, 2025, the Fund did not record a liability for any unrecognized tax benefits. The Fund has no examinations in progress and is not aware of any tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change in the next twelve months.

A C corporation's utilization of net operating losses in future years is limited to the lesser of all available net operating losses or 80% of taxable income before net operating loss utilization. The Fund is expected to re-qualify as a RIC for the tax year ending September 30, 2026, as a result, the net operating losses incurred by the Fund as a C corporation during the tax year ended September 30, 2024 will not be carried forward. There is \$2,424,862 of Net Operating loss generated in the tax year ended September 30, 2024 that can be carried forward and is offsetting \$1,223,081 of income in the year ended March 31, 2025. The rest is carried forward and available to utilize while the fund is a corporation. Subsidiary I is treated as a C corporation and is subject to net operating losses carry forward utilization.

Capital losses incurred during the year by a C corporation can be carried back or forward five years. During the tax year ended September 30, 2024, the Fund incurred capital losses. As of September 30, 2024, the Fund had \$2,220,918 of net capital loss carryforwards, with \$988,351 estimated to be utilized through March 31, 2025, to offset future net capital gains, if any. The remaining capital loss carryforwards are subject to the 5 year expiration.

Total income tax expense/(benefit) during the year ended March 31, 2025, differs from the amount computed by applying the Federal statutory income tax rate of 21% for the Fund to net investment income/loss and realized and unrealized gain loss is as follows:

| Income tax expense at statutory rate | \$ 4,095,948 | 21.00% |
|---|--------------|---------|
| State income taxes (net of federal benefit) | 887,455 | 4.55% |
| Permanent difference due to losses | (4,983,404) | -25.55% |
| Net income tax expense/(benefit) | (O) | 0.00% |

The permanent adjustments included in the table of above are due to the expected benefit of the fund qualifying as a RIC for the tax year ending September 30, 2026.



The difference between the federal income tax cost of portfolio investments and the financial statement cost of portfolio investments is due to certain timing differences in the recognition of capital gains or losses under income tax regulations and U.S. GAAP. These "book/tax" differences are temporary in nature and are primarily due to holdings classified as Private Equity Investments.

For the period ended March 31, 2025, the Fund reclassified \$2,540,244 of paid-in capital against accumulated deficit on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Such reclassification, the result of permanent differences between the financial statement and income tax reporting requirements, has no effect on the Fund's net assets or NAV per share.

As of March 31, 2025, the Fund's federal tax cost of portfolio investments and net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on portfolio investments was as follows:

| Cost of portfolio investments* | \$253,731,785 |
|---|---------------|
| Gross unrealized appreciation* | 78,288,796 |
| Gross unrealized depreciation | (30,196,447) |
| Net unrealized appreciation | \$ 48,092,349 |
| Net unrealized depreciation on foreign currency translation | \$ (2,276) |

^{*} Included affiliated securities cost \$9,946,476 and gross unrealized appreciation \$124,972.

Domestic Blocker Income Tax — The Subsidiary I is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Fund and is a domestic limited liability company that has elected to be treated as a C Corporation for federal income tax purposes and as such is obligated to pay federal and state income tax on its taxable income. State tax returns are filed in various states in which an economic presence exists. Income taxes are charged based on apportioned income for each state.

The amount of taxes paid by the Subsidiary I will vary depending on the amount of capital appreciation of its investments and such taxes will indirectly reduce a Fund shareholder's return from an investment in the Fund. Since the Subsidiary I will be subject to taxation on the capital appreciation of its investments, the NAV of the Fund's shares will also be reduced by the accrual of any deferred tax liability. As a result, the Fund's after tax performance will be impacted.

The Subsidiary I accrues deferred income taxes for any future liability associated with capital appreciation of its investments. Upon the sale of an investment, the Subsidiary I may be liable for previously deferred taxes. The Subsidiary I will rely to some extent on information, which is not necessarily timely, to estimate the deferred tax liability for purposes of financial statement reporting and determining the Fund's NAV. From time to time, the Adviser may modify the estimates or assumptions related to the Subsidiary I's deferred tax liability as new information becomes available. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and the rates on the date of enactment.

The Subsidiary I did not have any current or deferred income taxes, as of March 31, 2025.

Reporting (Topic 280) - Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures ("ASU 2023-07"). Adoption of the standard impacted financial statement disclosures only and did not affect the Fund's financial position or the results of its operations. An operating segment is defined in Topic 280 as a component of a public entity that engages in business activities from which it may recognize revenues and incur expenses, has operating results that are regularly reviewed by the public entity's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and has discrete financial information available. The CODM is the Adviser of the Fund. The Fund operates as a single operating segment. The Fund's income, expenses, assets, changes in net assets resulting from operations and performance are regularly monitored and assessed as a whole by the CODM responsible for oversight functions of the Fund, using the information presented in the financial statements and financial highlights.



3. Investment Transactions

During the year ended March 31, 2025, cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of investment securities, other than short-term investments, were \$97,370,272 and \$42,638,328, respectively.

4. Investment Management and Other Agreements

Under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement between the Fund and the Adviser, the Adviser manages the Fund's investments subject to oversight by the Board. The Fund pays the Adviser a fee, which is calculated daily and paid monthly, at an annual rate of 1.50% of the average daily net assets of the Fund. The Adviser may, but is not obligated to, waive up to 0.50% of the Management Fee on cash and cash equivalents held in the Fund from time to time.

Pursuant to a sub-advisory agreement (the "Sub-Advisory Agreement"), Meketa Investment Group, Inc. (the "Sub-Adviser"), serves as the Fund's sub-adviser and provides the day-to-day portfolio management of those assets of the Fund allocated to it by the Adviser. As compensation under the Sub-Advisory Agreement, the Adviser pays the Sub-Adviser a sub-advisory fee of 0.40% of the average daily net assets of the Fund in excess of \$75 million, which is calculated and paid monthly.

The Adviser has entered into an expense limitation and reimbursement agreement (the "Expense Limitation Agreement") with the Fund, whereby the Adviser has agreed to reduce the Management Fee payable to it (but not below zero), and to pay any operating expenses of the Fund, to the extent necessary to limit the operating expenses of the Fund, excluding certain "Excluded Expenses" listed below, to the annual rate of 2.00% and 2.15% of the average daily net assets of Class I and Class II shares of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"), respectively. Excluded Expenses that are not covered by the Expense Cap include: brokerage commissions and other similar transactional expenses, interest (including interest incurred on borrowed funds and interest incurred in connection with bank and custody overdrafts), other borrowing costs and fees including interest and commitment fees, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, litigation and indemnification expenses, judgments, and extraordinary expenses. Pursuant to the agreement, fees totaling \$484,166 were waived by the Adviser during the year ended March 31, 2025.

If the Adviser waives its Management Fee and/or pays any operating expenses of the Fund pursuant to the Expense Cap, the Adviser may, for a period ending three years after the end of the month in which such fees or expenses are waived or incurred, recoup amounts waived or incurred to the extent such recoupment does not cause the Fund's operating expense ratio (after recoupment and excluding the Excluded Expenses) to exceed the lesser of (a) the expense limit in effect at the time of the waiver, and (b) the expense limit in effect at the time of the recoupment. The Expense Limitation Agreement is in effect through July 31, 2026, and will renew automatically for successive periods of one year thereafter, unless written notice of termination is provided by the Adviser to the Fund not less than 10 days' prior to the end of the then-current term. The Board may terminate the Expense Limitation Agreement at any time on not less than 10 days' prior notice to the Adviser, and the Expense Limitation Agreement may be amended at any time only with the consent of both the Adviser and the Board. As of March 31, 2025, the Adviser may seek repayment of investment management fees and expense reimbursements in the following amounts no later than the dates indicated below:

| March 31, 2026 | \$ | 496,487 |
|----------------|-------|---------|
| March 31, 2027 | | 211,590 |
| March 31, 2028 | | 484,166 |
| | \$ 1, | 192,243 |

Employees of PINE Advisors, LLC ("PINE") serve as the Fund's Chief Compliance Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Assistant Treasurer. PINE receives an annual base fee for the services provided to the Fund. PINE is reimbursed for certain out-of-pocket expenses by the Fund. Service fees paid by the Fund for the year ended March 31, 2025 are disclosed in the Statement of Operations as Compliance fees and Certifying financial officer fees.



Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC ("Ultimus") provides certain administrative, accounting and transfer agency services to the Fund pursuant to a Master Services Agreement between the Fund and Ultimus (the "Master Services Agreement"). For its services, the Fund pays Ultimus a fee and separate fixed fees to make certain filings. The Fund also reimburses Ultimus for certain out-of-pocket expenses incurred on the Fund's behalf. The fees are accrued daily and paid monthly by the Fund and the administrative fees are based on the average net assets for the prior month and subject to monthly minimums.

Pursuant to a Distribution Agreement, the Fund continuously offers the Class I shares at their NAV per share through Foreside Fund Services, LLC, the principal underwriter and distributor of the shares (the "Distributor"). Under the Fund's Distribution Agreement, the Distributor is also responsible for entering into agreements with broker-dealers or other financial intermediaries to assist in the distribution of the shares, reviewing the Fund's proposed advertising materials and sales literature and making certain filings with regulators. For these services, the Distributor receives an annual fee from the Adviser. The Adviser is also responsible for paying any out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Distributor in providing services under the Distribution Agreement.

The Fund operates a Shareholder Servicing Plan (the "Plan") with respect to Class I Shares. The Shareholder Servicing Plan will allow the Fund to pay shareholder servicing fees in respect of shareholders holding Class I Shares. Under the Plan, the Fund will be permitted to pay as compensation to qualified recipients up to 0.10% on an annualized basis of the aggregate average daily net assets of the Fund attributable to Class I Shares (the "Shareholder Servicing Fee"). Class II Shares are not subject to the Shareholder Servicing Fee. Shareholder Servicing Fees incurred during the year ended March 31, 2025, are disclosed on the Statement of Operations.

The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service Plan with respect to Class II Shares in compliance with Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under the Distribution and Service Plan, the Fund is permitted to pay as compensation to the Distributor or other qualified recipient up to 0.25% on an annualized basis of the average daily net assets of the Fund attributable to Class II Shares (the "Distribution and Service Fee"). Class I Shares are not subject to the Distribution and Service Fee. Class II Shares are not currently offered, Accordingly, for the year ended March 31, 2025, there were no distribution and service fees incurred by the Fund.

In consideration of the services rendered by those Trustees who are not "interested persons" (as defined in Section 2(a) (19) of the 1940 Act) of the Trust ("Independent Trustees"), the Fund pays the Independent Trustees. The Fund pays each Independent Trustee an annual retainer of \$40,000, paid quarterly. Trustees that are interested persons, and are affiliated with the Adviser, will not be compensated by the Fund. The Trustees do not receive any pension or retirement benefits.

Certain officers and Trustees of the Fund are also officers of the Adviser.

Beneficial Ownership of Fund Shares

The beneficial ownership, either directly or indirectly, of more than 25% of the voting securities of the Fund creates a presumption of control under Section 2(a)(9) of the 1940 Act. As of March 31, 2025, the following shareholders of record owned more than 25% of the outstanding shares of the Fund:

| Name of Record Owner | % Ownership |
|--|-------------|
| Charles Schwab & Co (for the benefit of its customers) | 46% |
| National Financial Services, LLC | 50% |



5. Affiliated Investments

Issuers that are considered affiliates, as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the 1940 Act, of the Fund at period-end are noted in the Fund's Schedule of Investments. The table below reflects the entities that are affiliates as of March 31, 2025:

| | Beginning Fair Value | | | Change in Unrealized | Net | Ending Fair Value | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Affiliates | March 31, 2024* | Purchases or Contributions | Sales or Distributions | Appreciation (Depreciation) | | March 31, 2025 | Investment Income |
| PMOV Fund, L.P. ^(a) | \$ - | \$13,111,745 | \$(3,165,269) | \$ 124,972 | \$ - | \$10,071,448 | \$ - |

^{*} Prior to the period ending March 31, 2025, affiliated investments were reported if the Fund held five percent or greater of the overall investment. Beginning with the period ending March 31, 2025, affiliated investments are reported if the Fund holds five percent or greater of the overall investment and this ownership includes voting rights, and/or control, of such investment.

6. Risk Factors

Risk is inherent in all investing. The value of your investment in the Fund, as well as the amount of return you receive on your investment, may fluctuate significantly from day to day and over time. The following list is not intended to be a comprehensive listing of all the potential risks associated with the Fund. The Fund's prospectus provides further details regarding the Fund's risks and considerations.

Market Disruption and Geopolitical Risk. The Fund is subject to the risk that geopolitical events will disrupt securities markets and adversely affect global economies and markets. War, terrorism, and related geopolitical events (and their aftermath) have led, and in the future may lead, to increased short-term market volatility and may have adverse long-term effects on U.S. and world economies and markets generally. Likewise, natural and environmental disasters, such as: earthquakes, fires, floods, hurricanes, tsunamis and weather-related phenomena generally, as well as the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, including widespread epidemics or pandemics, and systemic market dislocations can be highly disruptive to economies and markets. For example, the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted, and may continue to result, in significant market volatility, exchange trading suspensions and closures, declines in global financial markets, higher default rates, and a substantial economic downturn in economies throughout the world. In addition, military action by Russia in Ukraine could adversely affect global energy and financial markets and therefore could affect the value of the Fund's investments, including beyond the Fund's direct exposure to Russian issuers or nearby geographic regions. The extent and duration of the military action, sanctions and resulting market disruptions are impossible to predict and could be substantial. In March 2023, a number of U.S. domestic banks and foreign banks experienced financial difficulties and, in some cases, failures. There can be no certainty that the actions taken by banking regulators to limit the effect of those difficulties and failures on other banks or other financial institutions or on the U.S. or foreign economies generally will be successful. It is possible that more banks or other financial institutions will experience financial difficulties or fail, which may affect adversely other U.S. or foreign financial institutions and economies. Those events as well as other changes in non-U.S. and domestic economic and political conditions also could adversely affect individual issuers or related groups of issuers, securities markets, interest rates, credit ratings, inflation, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of Fund investments. Any of these occurrences could disrupt the operations of the Fund and the Fund's service providers.

The Fund is the sole member of the general partner of PMOV Fund, L.P. ("PMOV"), and the Fund holds limited partnership interests in excess of 25% of PMOV's capital. However, the Fund has limited rights in its general partner capacity and has no investment authority with respect to PMOV's underlying investments.



Unlisted Closed-End Structure; Liquidity Limited to Quarterly Repurchases of Shares. The Fund has been organized as a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company and designed primarily for long-term investors. An investor should not invest in the Fund if the investor needs a liquid investment. Closed-end funds differ from open-end management investment companies (commonly known as mutual funds) in that investors in a closed-end fund do not have the right to redeem their shares on a daily basis. Unlike most closed-end funds, which typically list their shares on a securities exchange, the Fund does not intend to list the Shares for trading on any securities exchange, and the Fund does not expect any secondary market to develop for the Shares. Although the Fund will offer a limited degree of liquidity by conducting quarterly repurchase offers, a Shareholder may not be able to tender its Shares in the Fund promptly after it has made a decision to do so. There is no assurance that you will be able to tender your Shares when or in the amount that you desire. In addition, with very limited exceptions, Shares are not transferable, and liquidity will be provided only through repurchase offers made quarterly by the Fund. Shares are considerably less liquid than shares of funds that trade on a stock exchange or shares of open-end registered investment companies, and are therefore suitable only for investors who can bear the risks associated with the limited liquidity of Shares, and should be viewed as a long-term investment.

There will be a substantial period of time between the date as of which Shareholders must submit a request to have their Shares repurchased and the date they can expect to receive payment for their Shares from the Fund. Shareholders whose Shares are accepted for repurchase bear the risk that the Fund's net asset value may fluctuate significantly between the time that they submit their repurchase requests and the date as of which such Shares are valued for purposes of such repurchase. Shareholders will have to decide whether to request that the Fund repurchase their Shares without the benefit of having future information regarding the value of Shares on a date proximate to the date on which Shares are valued by the Fund for purposes of effecting such repurchases.

Repurchases of Shares, may be suspended, postponed or terminated by the Board under certain limited circumstances. An investment in the Fund is suitable only for investors who can bear the risks associated with the limited liquidity of Shares and the underlying investments of the Fund.

Reliance on the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable. The Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, has full discretionary authority to identify, structure, allocate, execute, administer, monitor and liquidate Private Equity Investments and, in doing so, has no responsibility to consult with any Shareholder. Accordingly, an investor in the Fund must rely upon the abilities of the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, and no person should invest in the Fund unless such person is willing to entrust all aspects of the investment decisions of the Fund to the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable.

Reliance on Key Personnel. The Fund depends on the investment expertise, skill and network of business contacts of the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable. The Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, will evaluate, negotiate, structure, execute and monitor Private Equity Investments. The Fund's future success depends to a significant extent on the continued service and coordination of the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, and its investment management team. The departure of certain key personnel of the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, could have a material adverse effect on the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.

The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective depends on the Adviser's/Sub-Adviser's, as applicable, ability to identify, analyze, invest in, finance and monitor Portfolio Funds and portfolio companies that meet the Fund's investment criteria. The Adviser's/Sub-Adviser's, as applicable, capabilities in structuring the investment process, providing competent, attentive and efficient services to the Fund, and facilitating access to financing on acceptable terms depend on the employment of investment professionals in an adequate number and of adequate sophistication to match the corresponding flow of transactions. To achieve the Fund's investment objective, the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, may need to hire, train, supervise and manage new investment professionals to participate in the Fund's investment selection and monitoring process. The Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, may not be able to find investment professionals in a timely manner or at all. Failure to support the Fund's investment process could have a material adverse effect on the Fund's business, financial condition and results of operations.



The Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, depends on its relationships with private equity sponsors, investment banks and commercial banks, and the Fund relies to a significant extent upon these relationships to provide the Fund with potential investment opportunities. If the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, fails to maintain its existing relationships or develop new relationships with other sponsors or sources of investment opportunities, the Fund may not be able to grow its investment portfolio. In addition, individuals with whom the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, has relationships are not obligated to provide the Fund or the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, with investment opportunities, and, therefore, there is no assurance that such relationships will generate investment opportunities for the Fund.

Additionally, to the extent the Fund invests in Portfolio Funds, the Fund will be exposed to these risks with respect to the portfolio managers of such Portfolio Funds. The Fund's performance depends on the adherence by such Portfolio Fund Managers to their selected strategies, the instruments used by such Portfolio Fund Managers, the Adviser's/Sub-Adviser's, as applicable, ability to select Portfolio Fund Managers and strategies and effectively allocate the Fund's assets among them. The Portfolio Fund Managers' investment strategies or choice of specific securities may be unsuccessful and may cause the Portfolio Fund, and in turn the Fund, to incur losses.

Focused Investments. Except to the extent required by applicable law and the Fund's fundamental policies, there are no limitations imposed by the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, as to the amount of Fund assets that may be invested in (i) any one geography, (ii) any one Fund Investment, (iii) in a Private Equity Investment managed by a particular general partner or its affiliates, (iv) indirectly in any single industry or (v) in any issuer. In addition, a Portfolio Company's investment portfolio may consist of a limited number of companies and may be concentrated in a particular industry area or group. Accordingly, the investment portfolio may at times be significantly concentrated, both as to managers, geographies, industries and individual companies. Such concentration could offer a greater potential for capital appreciation as well as increased risk of loss. Such concentration may also be expected to increase the volatility of the Fund's investment portfolio. The Fund is, however, subject to the asset diversification requirements applicable to RICs.

Limited Operating History of Private Equity Investments. Private Equity Investments may have limited operating histories and the information the Fund is able to obtain about such investments may be limited. As such, the ability of the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, to evaluate past performance or to validate the investment strategies of such Private Equity Investments is limited. Moreover, even to the extent a Private Equity Investment has a longer operating history, the past investment performance of any of the Private Equity Investments should not be construed as an indication of the future results of such investments or the Fund, particularly as the investment professionals responsible for the performance of such investments may change over time. This risk is related to, and enhanced by, the risks created by the fact that the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, relies upon information provided to it by the issuer of the securities it receives or the Portfolio Fund Managers (as applicable) that is not, and cannot be, independently verified.

Nature of Portfolio Companies. The Private Equity Investments will include direct and indirect investments in Portfolio Companies. This may include Portfolio Companies in the early phases of development, which can be highly risky due to the lack of a significant operating history. The Private Equity Investments may also include Portfolio Companies that are in a state of distress or which have a poor record, and which are undergoing restructuring or changes in management, and there can be no assurances that such restructuring or changes will be successful. The management of such Portfolio Companies may depend on one or two key individuals, and the loss of the services of any of such individuals may adversely affect the performance of such Portfolio Companies.

Investments in the Portfolio Funds generally; dependence on the Portfolio Fund Managers. Because the Fund invests in Portfolio Funds, a Shareholder's investment in the Fund will be affected by the investment policies and decisions of the portfolio manager(s) ("Portfolio Fund Managers") of each Portfolio Fund in direct proportion to the amount of Fund assets that are invested in each Portfolio Fund. The Fund's net asset value may fluctuate in response to, among other things, various market and economic factors related to the markets in which the Portfolio Funds invest and the financial condition and



prospects of issuers in which the Portfolio Funds invest. The success of the Fund depends upon the ability of the Portfolio Fund Managers to develop and implement strategies that achieve their investment objectives. Shareholders will not have an opportunity to evaluate the specific investments made by the Portfolio Funds or the Portfolio Fund Managers, or the terms of any such investments. In addition, the Portfolio Fund Managers could materially alter their investment strategies from time to time without notice to the Fund. There can be no assurance that the Portfolio Fund Managers will be able to select or implement successful strategies or achieve their respective investment objectives.

Valuation of the Fund's interests in Portfolio Funds. The valuation of the Fund's investments in Portfolio Funds is ordinarily determined based upon valuations provided by the Portfolio Fund Managers of such Portfolio Funds which valuations are generally not audited. A majority of the securities in which the Portfolio Funds invest will not have a readily ascertainable market price and will be valued by the Portfolio Fund Managers. In this regard, a Portfolio Fund Manager may face a conflict of interest in valuing the securities, as their value may affect the Portfolio Fund Manager's compensation or its ability to raise additional funds. No assurances can be given regarding the valuation methodology or the sufficiency of systems utilized by any Portfolio Fund, the accuracy of the valuations provided by the Portfolio Funds, that the Portfolio Funds will comply with their own internal policies or procedures for keeping records or making valuations, or that the Portfolio Funds' policies and procedures and systems will not change without notice to the Fund. As a result, valuations of the securities may be subjective and could prove in hindsight to have been wrong, potentially by significant amounts. The Adviser has established a committee (the "Valuation Committee") to oversee the valuation of the Private Equity Investments pursuant to procedures adopted by the Board. The members of the Valuation Committee may face conflicts of interest in overseeing the valuation of the Private Equity Investments will affect the Adviser's compensation. Moreover, neither the Valuation Committee nor the Adviser will generally have sufficient information in order to be able to confirm or review the accuracy of valuations provided by Portfolio Fund Managers.

A Portfolio Fund Manager's information could be inaccurate due to fraudulent activity, misvaluation or inadvertent error. In any case, the Fund may not uncover errors for a significant period of time. Even if the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, elects to cause the Fund to sell its interests in such a Portfolio Fund, the Fund may be unable to sell such interests quickly, if at all, and could therefore be obligated to continue to hold such interests for an extended period of time. In such a case, the Portfolio Fund Manager's valuations of such interests could remain subject to such fraud or error and the Valuation Committee may, in its sole discretion, determine to discount the value of the interests or value them at zero.

Shareholders should be aware that situations involving uncertainties as to the valuations by Portfolio Fund Managers could have a material adverse effect on the Fund if the Portfolio Fund Manager's, the Adviser's/Sub-Adviser's, as applicable, or the Fund's judgments regarding valuations should prove incorrect. Prospective investors who are unwilling to assume such risks should not make an investment in the Fund.

Valuations of Portfolio Funds valuations subject to adjustment. The valuations reported by the Portfolio Fund Managers, based upon which the Fund determines its daily net asset value and the net asset value per Share may be subject to later adjustment or revision. For example, fiscal year-end net asset value calculations of the Portfolio Funds may be revised as a result of audits by their independent auditors. Other adjustments may occur from time to time. Because such adjustments or revisions, whether increasing or decreasing the net asset value of the Fund at the time they occur, relate to information available only at the time of the adjustment or revision, the adjustment or revision may not affect the amount of the repurchase proceeds of the Fund received by Shareholders who had their Shares repurchased prior to such adjustments and received their repurchase proceeds. As a result, to the extent that such subsequently adjusted valuations from the Portfolio Fund.

Managers or revisions to the net asset value of a Portfolio Fund or direct private equity investment adversely affect the Fund's net asset value, the outstanding Shares may be adversely affected by prior repurchases to the benefit of Shareholders who had their Shares repurchased at a net asset value higher than the adjusted amount.



Conversely, any increases in the net asset value resulting from such subsequently adjusted valuations may be entirely for the benefit of the outstanding Shares and to the detriment of Shareholders who previously had their Shares repurchased at a net asset value lower than the adjusted amount. The same principles apply to the purchase of Shares. New Shareholders may be affected in a similar way.

The valuations of Shares may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond the Fund's control and may not be directly related to the Fund's operating performance. These factors include:

- changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines;
- changes in earnings or variations in operating results;
- changes in the value of the Private Equity Investments;
- changes in accounting guidelines governing valuation of the Private Equity Investments;
- any shortfall in revenue or net income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors;
- departure of the Adviser or certain of its respective key personnel;
- general economic trends and other external factors; and
- loss of a major funding source.

Valuation of Private Equity Investments Uncertain. There is not a public market or active secondary market for many of the securities of the privately held companies in which the Fund invest. Rather, many of the Private Equity Investments may be traded on a privately negotiated over-the-counter secondary market for institutional investors. As a result, the Valuation Designee values such securities at fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with the Valuation Policies that have been approved by the Board. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, the Valuation Designee's determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these non-traded securities existed.

Liquidity Risk. Liquidity risk is the risk that securities may be difficult or impossible to sell at the time the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, would like or at the price it believes the security is currently worth. Liquidity risk may be increased for certain Fund investments, including those investments in funds with gating provisions or other limitations on investor withdrawals and restricted or illiquid securities. Some funds in which the Fund invests may impose restrictions on when an investor may withdraw its investment or limit the amounts an investor may withdraw. To the extent that the Adviser/Sub-Adviser, as applicable, seeks to reduce or sell out of its investment at a time or in an amount that is prohibited, the Fund may not have the liquidity necessary to participate in other investment opportunities or may need to sell other investments that it may not have otherwise sold.

The Fund may also invest in securities that, at the time of investment, are illiquid, as determined by using the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "SEC") standard applicable to registered investment companies (i.e., securities that cannot be disposed of by the Fund within seven calendar days in the ordinary course of business at approximately the amount at which the Fund has valued the securities). Illiquid and restricted securities may be difficult to dispose of at a fair price at the times when the Fund believes it is desirable to do so. The market price of illiquid and restricted securities generally is more volatile than that of more liquid securities, which may adversely affect the price that the Fund pays for or recovers upon the sale of such securities. Investment of the Fund's assets in illiquid and restricted securities may also restrict the Fund's ability to take advantage of market opportunities.



Publicly Traded Private Equity Risk. Publicly traded private equity companies are typically regulated vehicles listed on a public stock exchange that invest in private equity transactions or funds. Such vehicles may take the form of corporations, business development companies, unit trusts, publicly traded partnerships, or other structures, and may focus on mezzanine, infrastructure, buyout or venture capital investments. Publicly traded private equity may also include investments in publicly listed companies in connection with a privately negotiated financing or an attempt to exercise significant influence on the subject of the investment. Publicly traded private equity investments usually have an indefinite duration.

Publicly traded private equity occupies a small portion of the public equity universe, including only a few professional investors who focus on and actively trade such investments. As a result, relatively little market research is performed on publicly traded private equity companies, only limited public data may be available regarding these companies and their underlying investments, and market pricing may significantly deviate from published net asset value. This can result in market inefficiencies and may offer opportunities to specialists that can value the underlying private equity investments. Publicly traded private equity vehicles are typically liquid and capable of being traded daily, in contrast to direct investments and private equity funds, in which capital is subject to lengthy holding periods. Accordingly, publicly traded private equity to adjust the investment level of their portfolios more efficiently. Publicly traded private equity funds, in which capital is subject to lengthy holding periods. Accordingly, publicly traded private equity funds, in which capital is subject to lengthy holding periods. Accordingly, publicly traded private equity transactions are significantly easier to execute than other types of private equity investments, giving investors an opportunity to adjust the investment level of their portfolios more efficiently.

Foreign Investments and Emerging Markets Risk. Investment in foreign issuers or securities principally traded outside the United States may involve special risks due to foreign economic, political, and legal developments, including favorable or unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates, exchange control regulations (including currency blockage), expropriation, nationalization or confiscatory taxation of assets, and possible difficulty in obtaining and enforcing judgments against foreign entities. The Fund, a Portfolio Fund and/or a Portfolio Company may be subject to foreign taxation on realized capital gains, dividends or interest payable on foreign securities, on transactions in those securities and on the repatriation of proceeds generated from those securities. Transaction-based charges are generally calculated as a percentage of the transaction amount and are paid upon the sale or transfer of portfolio securities subject to such taxes. Any taxes or other charges paid or incurred by the Fund or a Portfolio Fund in respect of its foreign securities will reduce the Fund's yield.

In addition, the tax laws of some foreign jurisdictions in which a Portfolio Fund or Portfolio Company may invest are unclear and interpretations of such laws can change over time. As a result, in order to comply with guidance related to the accounting and disclosure of uncertain tax positions under U.S. GAAP, a Portfolio Fund may be required to accrue for book purposes certain foreign taxes in respect of its foreign securities or other foreign investments that it may or may not ultimately pay. Such tax accruals will reduce a Portfolio Fund's net asset value at the time accrued, even though, in some cases, the Portfolio Fund ultimately will not pay the related tax liabilities. Conversely, a Portfolio Fund's net asset value will be increased by any tax accruals that are ultimately reversed.

Issuers of foreign securities are subject to different, often less comprehensive, accounting, custody, reporting, and disclosure requirements than U.S. issuers. The securities of some foreign governments, companies, and securities markets are less liquid, and at times more volatile, than comparable U.S. securities and securities markets. Foreign brokerage commissions and related fees also are generally higher than in the United States. Portfolio Funds that invest in foreign securities also may be affected by different custody and/or settlement practices or delayed settlements in some foreign markets. The laws of some foreign countries may limit the Fund's or a Portfolio Fund's ability to invest in securities of certain issuers located in those countries. Foreign countries may have reporting requirements with respect to the ownership of securities, and those reporting requirements may be subject to interpretation or change without prior notice to investors. No assurance can be given that the Fund or a Portfolio Fund or Portfolio Company will satisfy applicable foreign reporting requirements at all times.



Investment in Other Investment Companies Risk. As with other investments, investments in other investment companies, including ETFs, are subject to market and manager risk. In addition, if the Fund acquires shares of investment companies, investors bear both their proportionate share of expenses in the Fund (including management and advisory fees) and, indirectly, the expenses of the investment companies.

Failure to qualify as a RIC or satisfy distribution requirement. To qualify for and maintain RIC qualification under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code, the Fund must meet certain annual distribution, source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. (See Note 2) If the Fund fails to qualify for or maintain RIC tax treatment for any reason and is subject to corporate income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce the Fund's net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of the Fund's distributions. The Fund did not qualify as a RIC pursuant to Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code for the tax year ended September 30, 2024 because it did not generate 90% of its gross income from qualifying sources. The Fund is expected to re-qualify as a RIC for the tax year ending September 30, 2026.

7. Contingencies and Commitments

The Fund indemnifies the Fund's officers and the Board for certain liabilities that might arise from their performance of their duties to the Fund. Additionally, in the normal course of business the Fund enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund that have not yet occurred. However, based on experience, the Fund expects the risk of loss to be remote.

The Fund is required to provide financial support in the form of investment commitments to certain investees as part of the conditions for entering into such investments. As of March 31, 2025, the Fund had unfunded commitments in the amount of \$10,724,549. At March 31, 2025, the Fund reasonably believes its assets will provide adequate cover to satisfy all its unfunded commitments.

The Fund's unfunded commitments as of March 31, 2025 are as follows:

| Private Equity Investment | Fair Value | Unfunded Commitment |
|---|---------------|------------------------|
| Project Maple | \$ 12,704,000 | \$ 888,889 |
| REP Patriot Coinvest IV-A, L.P | 2,430,000 | 637,500 |
| Investments valued at NAV as a practical expedient ^(a) | 147,638,158 | 9,198,160 |
| | \$162,772,158 | \$10,724,549 |

[[]a] See Note 2 for investments valued at NAV as a practical expedient.

8. Capital Stock

The Fund is an "interval fund," a type of fund which, in order to provide liquidity to shareholders, has adopted a fundamental investment policy to make quarterly offers to repurchase between 5% and 25% of its outstanding shares at the applicable NAV, reduced by any applicable repurchase fee. Subject to applicable law and approval of the Board for each quarterly repurchase offer, the Fund currently expects to offer to repurchase up to 5% of the Fund's outstanding shares at the applicable NAV per share. There is no guarantee that a shareholder will be able to sell all of the shares that the investor desires to sell in the repurchase offer. Written notification of each quarterly repurchase offer will be sent to shareholders at least 21 and no more than 42 calendar days before the repurchase request deadline (i.e., the date by which shareholders can tender their shares in response to a repurchase offer).



During the year ended March 31, 2025, the Fund completed four quarterly repurchase offers. The results of the completed repurchase offers were as follows:

| Commencement Date | May 24, 2024 | August 19, 2024 | November 22, 2024 | March 3, 2025 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Repurchase Request Deadline | June 28, 2024 | September 30, 2024 | December 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 |
| Repurchase Pricing Date | June 28, 2024 | September 30, 2024 | December 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 |
| Value of Shares repurchased \$ | 3,730,391 | \$ 3,678,201 | \$ 2,844,846 | \$ 7,025,921 |
| Shares repurchased | 283,249 | 270,257 | 198,247 | 500,778 |
| % of Shares Accepted by the | | | | |
| Fund for Repurchase | 1.8% | 1.6% | 1.1% | 2.3% |

A 2.00% early repurchase fee will be charged by the Fund with respect to any repurchase of shares from a shareholder at any time prior to the day immediately preceding the one-year anniversary of the shareholder's purchase of the shares. Shares tendered for repurchase will be treated as having been repurchased on a "first in-first out" basis. The Fund may waive the early repurchase fee for certain categories of shareholders or transactions, such as repurchases of shares in the event of the shareholder's death or disability, or in connection with certain distributions from employer sponsored benefit plans. During the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 proceeds from early repurchase fees charged by the Fund totaled \$29,228 and \$46,044 respectively.

9. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events after the date of the Statement of Assets and Liabilities have been evaluated through the date the financial statements were issued. On April 10, 2025, the Fund formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Subsidiary Fund II, LLC, as a Delaware limited liability company. Management has concluded that there are no additional subsequent events requiring adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Trustees of Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the schedule of investments, of Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund (the "Fund") as of March 31, 2025, the related statement of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, the financial highlights for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, 2023 and 2022, and for the period August 26, 2020 (commencement of operations) through March 31, 2021, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of March 31, 2025, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, 2023 and 2022, and for the period August 26, 2020 (commencement of operations) through March 31, 2021, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fund's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of March 31, 2025, by correspondence with the custodian and private investment counterparties. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as the Fund's auditor since 2020.

COHEN & COMPANY, LTD.

Cohn + Company

Cleveland, Ohio May 30, 2025



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND OTHER INFORMATION (Unaudited)

PROXY VOTING

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available without charge upon request by calling toll-free 1-877-792-0924, or on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Information regarding how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available without charge upon request by calling toll-free 1-877-792-0924, or on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The Fund files its complete listing of portfolio holdings with the SEC as of the end of the first and third quarters of each fiscal year as an exhibit to Form N-PORT. These filings are available upon request by calling 1-877-792-0924. Furthermore, you may obtain a copy of the filings on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov or by visiting www.primarkcapital.com.

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT

Unless a shareholder is ineligible or otherwise elects, all distributions of dividends (including capital gain dividends) with respect to a class of shares will be automatically reinvested by the Fund in additional shares of the corresponding class, which will be issued at the NAV per share determined as of the ex-dividend date. Election not to reinvest dividends and to instead receive all dividends and capital gain distributions in cash may be made by contacting the Fund's administrator at P.O. Box 541150, Omaha, NE 68154-9150 or 1-877-792-0924.

This report has been prepared for the general information of the shareholders. It is not authorized for distribution to prospective investors unless preceded or accompanied by a current prospectus. The Fund's prospectus contains more complete information about the objectives, policies, expenses and risks of the Fund. The Fund is not a bank deposit, not FDIC insured and may lose value. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing or sending money.

This report may contain certain forward-looking statements which are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. Forward looking statements generally include words such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates" and other words of similar import. Such risks and uncertainties include, among other things, the Risk Factors noted in the Fund's filings with the SEC. The Fund undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement.



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS (Unaudited)

The Board has overall responsibility for management of the Fund's affairs. The Trustees serve during the lifetime of the Fund and until its termination, or until death, resignation, retirement, or replacement. The Trustees, in turn, elect the officers of the Fund to actively supervise its day-to-day operations. Each Trustee's and officer's address 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246.

| Name, Address and Year of Birth | Position(s) Held with Fund | Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾ | Principal Occupation(s) During the Past 5 Years | Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee ⁽²⁾ | Other Directorships Held by Trustee During the Past 5 Years | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Independent Trust | Independent Trustees | | | | | | | |
| Brien Biondi (1962) | Trustee | Since 2020 | Chief Executive Officer, Campden Wealth, North America & The Institute for Private Investors (2016-2024); Chief Executive Officer and Founder, The Biondi Group (2011-Present) | 2 | Trustee, Forum Real Estate Income Fund and Forum Multifamily Real Estate Investment Trust; Trustee, Campden Wealth, North America & The Institute for Private Investors | | | |
| Clifford J. Jack (1963) | Trustee | Since 2020 | President and CEO of Augustar Retirement (2023-Present); Board of Advisors, National Financial Realty (2015-2023) | 2 | None | | | |
| Sean Kearns (1970) | Trustee | Since 2020 | Principal, Vicarage Associates LLC (2019-Present) | 2 | None | | | |

Under the Fund's Declaration of Trust, a Trustee serves until his or her retirement, resignation, or replacement.

For the purposes of this table, "Fund Complex" includes Meketa Infrastructure Fund and Primark Meketa Private Equity Investments Fund.



PRIMARK MEKETA PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS FUND TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS (Unaudited)

| | | Term of Office |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Name, Address and | Position(s) Held | and Length of |
| Year of Birth | with Fund | Time Served ⁽¹⁾ |

| Year of Birth | with Fund | Time Served ⁽¹⁾ | Principal Occupation(s) During the Past 5 Years | |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| Interested Trustee and Officers | | | | |
| Michael Bell (1962) | Trustee, President and Principal Executive Officer | Since 2020 | CEO, Meketa Capital LLC (2023-Present) CEO, Primark Advisors LLC (2020-Present); Managing Director, Forum Investment Group (2022-2023); Trustee, Forum Real Estate Income Fund (2021-2022) | |
| Derek Mullins (1973) | Treasurer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer | Since 2020 | Managing Partner, PINE Advisor Solutions (2018-Present) | |
| Jesse D. Hallee (1976) | Secretary | Since 2020 | Senior Vice President and Associate General Counsel, Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC (2022-Present); Vice President and Senior Managing Counsel, Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC (2019-2022) | |
| Brian T. MacKenzie (1980) | Chief Compliance Officer and AML Compliance Officer | Since 2022 | Director, PINE Advisor Solutions (2022 to present); Head of Portfolio Surveillance and Reporting, Janus Henderson Investors (2018-2022) | |
| Marcie McVeigh (1979) | Assistant Treasurer | Since 2020 | Managing Director, Head of PFO Services, PINE Advisor Solutions (2020-Present); Assistant Vice President and Performance Measurement Manager, Brown Brothers Harriman (2019-2020) | |

Under the Fund's Bylaws, an officer serves until his or her successor is elected or qualified, or until he or she sooner dies, resigns, is removed or becomes disqualified. Officers hold office at the pleasure of the Trustees.

The Fund's Statement of Additional Information includes additional information about the Trustees and is available without charge and upon request by calling 1-303-529-2200, or visiting www.primarkcapital.com.



Investment Adviser

Primark Advisors LLC 250 Filmore Street Suite 425 Denver, Colorado

Sub-Adviser

Meketa Investment Group 80 University Avenue Westwood, Massachusetts

Distributor

Foreside Financial Services, LLC Three Canal Plaza Suite 100 Portland, Maine

Administrator

Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC 225 Pictoria Drive Suite 450 Cincinnati, Ohio

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Cohen & Company Ltd. 1350 Euclid Avenue Suite 800 Cleveland, Ohio

Legal Counsel

Ropes & Gray LLP Three Embarcadero Center San Francisco, California

Custodian

UMB Bank, n.a. 1010 Grand Boulevard Kansas City, Missouri

Trustees

Michael Bell, President Brien Biondi Clifford J. Jack Sean Kearns

Officers

Derek Mullins, Treasurer Jesse D. Hallee, Secretary Brian T. MacKenzie, Chief Compliance Officer and AML Compliance Officer Marcie McVeigh, Assistant Treasurer